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| --- | --- | --- |
| Abraham Lincoln (1861 - 1865) Exercises | about-the-world.org/4188 | Video and exercises |

**Match terms**

*Task: Match each term with the appropriate explanation!*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (C) | Gettysburg Address | (1) | person who splits logs |
| (E) | Log cabin | (2) | small house made of logs |
| (E) | Confederate states | (3) | order freeing slaves |
| (I) | Ten Percent Plan | (4) | southern states during Civil War |
| (L) | Emancipation Proclamation | (5) | famous speech by Lincoln |
| (N) | Legacy | (6) | post-Civil War rebuilding |
| (O) | Assassination | (7) | Lincoln’s reunification plan |
| (S) | Rail-splitter | (8) | murder of a public figure |
| (T) | Reconstruction | (9) | lasting impact of a person |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Keyword:** | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

**Complete sentences**

*Task: Match the beginning of each sentence with the end!*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) | He taught himself law ... | (1) | ... in a log cabin. |
| (B) | Lincoln was born ... | (2) | ... and became a lawyer. |
| (L) | Before presidency, ... | (3) | ... Lincoln was a legislator. |
| (L) | He was inaugurated ... | (4) | ... as president in 1861. |
| (N) | Lincoln was assassinated ... | (5) | ... shortly after his inauguration. |
| (O) | The Civil War began ... | (6) | ... freed the slaves. |
| (O) | The Emancipation Proclamation ... | (7) | ... in 1865. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Keyword:** | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

**Questions (multiple choice)**

*Task: Answer the questions!*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | What was Lincoln’s profession before his presidency? |
| (R) | teacher |
| (S) | lawyer |
| (V) | doctor |
| 2. | What did the Emancipation Proclamation do? |
| (A) | made Lincoln president |
| (I) | freed the slaves in the Confederate states |
| (S) | ended the Civil War |
| 3. | When did the Civil War begin? |
| (L) | 1861 |
| (N) | 1862 |
| (R) | 1860 |
| 4. | What was Lincoln’s plan for Reconstruction called? |
| (A) | Fifty Percent Plan |
| (R) | Full Union Plan |
| (V) | Ten Percent Plan |
| 5. | Who assassinated Lincoln? |
| (A) | Ulysses S. Grant |
| (E) | John Wilkes Booth |
| (S) | Robert E. Lee |
| 6. | What is Lincoln’s legacy? |
| (A) | his military service |
| (R) | his leadership and commitment to ending slavery |
| (V) | his wealth |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Keyword**: | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

**Right or wrong?**

*Task: State whether the statements are true or false!*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| right | wrong |  |
| (Q) | (V) | 1. Lincoln was born in Kentucky. |
| (F) | (U) | 2. Lincoln was born in Illinois. |
| (R) | (A) | 3. Lincoln was a member of the Democratic Party. |
| (L) | (R) | 4. Lincoln was a self-taught lawyer. |
| (L) | (T) | 5. The Civil War began in 1861. |
| (A) | (E) | 6. The Emancipation Proclamation ended the Civil War. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Keyword:** | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ | \_\_\_ |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

**7 Questions about the text**

*Task: Answer the questions in one or two complete sentences!*

What was Lincoln’s early life like?

What was Lincoln’s political career like before his presidency?

What was significant about the Emancipation Proclamation?

What was the Gettysburg Address?

What was Lincoln’s approach to Reconstruction?

Who assassinated Lincoln and why?

What is Lincoln’s legacy?

**Solution sheet 1**

**Abraham Lincoln (1861 - 1865)**

**Match terms**

Rail-splitter = person who splits logs

Log cabin = small house made of logs

Emancipation Proclamation = order freeing slaves

Confederate states = southern states during Civil War

Gettysburg Address = famous speech by Lincoln

Reconstruction = post-Civil War rebuilding

Ten Percent Plan = Lincoln’s reunification plan

Assassination = murder of a public figure

Legacy = lasting impact of a person

Keyword: SELECTION

**Complete sentences**

Lincoln was born | in a log cabin.

He taught himself law | and became a lawyer.

Before presidency, | Lincoln was a legislator.

He was inaugurated | as president in 1861.

The Civil War began | shortly after his inauguration.

The Emancipation Proclamation | freed the slaves.

Lincoln was assassinated | in 1865.

Keyword: BALLOON

**Questions**

What was Lincoln’s profession before his presidency?

lawyer

What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?

freed the slaves in the Confederate states

When did the Civil War begin?

1861

What was Lincoln’s plan for Reconstruction called?

Ten Percent Plan

Who assassinated Lincoln?

John Wilkes Booth

What is Lincoln’s legacy?

his leadership and commitment to ending slavery

Keyword: SILVER

**Right or wrong?**

right

1. Lincoln was born in Kentucky.

4. Lincoln was a self-taught lawyer.

5. The Civil War began in 1861.

wrong

6. The Emancipation Proclamation ended the Civil War.

2. Lincoln was born in Illinois.

3. Lincoln was a member of the Democratic Party.

Keyword: SPIRIT

**Solution sheet 2**

**Abraham Lincoln (1861 - 1865)**

**Questions and answers**

What was Lincoln’s early life like?

Lincoln was born in a log cabin and grew up in a poor family. He had limited formal education but loved to read and learn.

What was Lincoln’s political career like before his presidency?

Lincoln served in the Illinois State Legislature and the U.S. House of Representatives. He was a member of the Whig Party and later helped form the Republican Party.

What was significant about the Emancipation Proclamation?

The Emancipation Proclamation was an executive order that declared all enslaved people in the Confederate states to be set free.

What was the Gettysburg Address?

The Gettysburg Address was a speech delivered by Lincoln during the dedication of a cemetery for Union soldiers. It emphasized the principles of equality and democracy.

What was Lincoln’s approach to Reconstruction?

Lincoln believed in a lenient approach to Reconstruction. He proposed the Ten Percent Plan, which allowed Southern states to rejoin the Union if ten percent of their voters pledged loyalty.

Who assassinated Lincoln and why?

Lincoln was assassinated by John Wilkes Booth, a Confederate sympathizer, while attending a play at Ford’s Theatre.

What is Lincoln’s legacy?

Lincoln is remembered as one of the greatest presidents in American history. His leadership during the Civil War and commitment to ending slavery changed the course of the nation. His speeches and writings continue to inspire people around the world.